## RESEARCH PAPER ON MOBILE PHONES

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## ABSTRACT

India's telecommunication market is the second largest in the world. These has been tremendous growth in the use of mobile phones in India. It has become essential parts of business and personal life. Now the mobile phones are coming up with a variety of features. A handheld mobile radio television service was envisioned in the early stages of radio engineering. Early predecessors of mobile phones included analogue radio communications from ships and trains. The creation of fully portable telecommunication devices began after World War II.
The mobile phone technology has bought the world one stop closer. It solved the disruption in communication by way of either calling or texting.The contacts are established easily and instantly with the help of mobile phones which was not possible earlier. The results of the research aslo confirm that the regulatory focus has an influence in consumer behavior towards smartphone purchase decision by affecting their perception, motivation and lifestyle. Global mobile data traffic is forecast to increase from 7 exabytes per month in 2016 to 49 exabytes per month by 2021.

In 2019, number of mobile subscriptions was estimated to pass the 8 Billion mark for the first time, reaching a total of 8.3 Billion mobile subscriptions worldwide up from 7.9 Billion in 2018.

## OBJECTIVE

To study the consumer behavior towards mobile phone. To study the importance of mobile in the life of a consumer, how much the consumers are willing to pay for a new phone and the duration for which they use their mobile phone in their daily life.

## Summary

The data was collected from a survey conducted by me which includes responses from people of various age groups. The purpose of the survey is to know about the preferences of people while buying a mobile phone based on its importance in life its usage and different factors that influences to buy it.

## HISTOGRAM

1. What is your age?

| CLASS INTERVAL | BIN VALUE | Frequency | Cumulative \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0-10$ | 9 | 1 | $0.15 \%$ |
| $11-20$ | 19 | 168 | $25.88 \%$ |
| $21-30$ | 29 | 178 | $53.14 \%$ |
| $31-40$ | 39 | 73 | $64.32 \%$ |
| $41-50$ | 49 | 108 | $80.86 \%$ |
| $51-60$ | 59 | 92 | $94.95 \%$ |
| $61-70$ | 69 | 33 | $100.00 \%$ |


2.How much would you pay for a new Mobile?

| CLASS INTERVAL | BIN VALUE | FREQUENCY | CUMULATIVE \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0-10000$ | 9999 | 16 | $2.45 \%$ |
| $10001-20000$ | 19999 | 220 | $36.14 \%$ |
| $20001-40000$ | 39999 | 256 | $75.34 \%$ |
| $40001-60000$ | 59999 | 100 | $90.66 \%$ |
| $60001-100000$ | 99999 | 61 | $100.00 \%$ |



## DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

| How many hours a day do you spend on your mobile phone? |  | INTERPRETATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean | 6.022970904 | THE AVERAGE HOURS SPENT ON MOBILE IS 6.02 HOURS |
| Standard Error | 0.088128034 |  |
| Median | 6 | 50\% OF DATA LIES BETWEEN 6 |
| Mode | 8 | MOST PEOPLE SPEND 8 HOURS ON MOBILE PHONE IN A DAY |
| Standard <br> Deviation | 2.25201186 | ON AN AVERAGE DEVIATION BETWEEN EVERY PERSON'S TIME SPENT AND ITS MEAN IS 2.25 |
| Sample <br> Variance | 5.071557418 |  |
| Kurtosis | -0.830719586 |  |
| Skewness | -0.004428785 |  |
| Range | 10 | THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE HIGHEST AND THE LOWEST HOURS SPENTON A MOBILE IN A DAY IS 10 HOURS |
| Minimum | 2 | THE LOWEST HOUR SPENT ON MOBILE PHONE IS 2 HOURS |
| Maximum | 12 | THE HIGHEST HOUR SPENT ON MOBILE PHONE IS 12 HOURS |
| Sum | - 3933 |  |
| Count | 653 | TOTAL NUMBER OF PEOPLE SURVEYED IS 653 |


| What is your age? |  | INTERPRETATION |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 33.2924961 | THE AVERAGE AGE IS 33.29 YEARS |  |
| Standard Error | 0.59377276 |  |  |
| 9 |  |  |  |
| Median | 28 | $50 \%$ OF DATA LIES BETWEEN 28 |  |
| Mode | 19 | MOST PEOPLE WHO USES MOBILE PHONE IS OF AGE 19 |  |


| How much would you pay for a new phone? |  | INTERPRETATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean | 32272.58806 | THE AVERAGE AMOUNT IS Rs. 32272.59 |
| Standard Error | 739.0078295 |  |
| Median | 29000 | 50\% OF DATA LIES BETWEEN 29000 |
| Mode | 18000 | MOST PEOPLE IS WILLING TO PAY Rs. 18000 |
| Standard <br> Deviation | 18884.50607 | ON AN AVERAGE DEVIATION BETWEEN EVERY PERSON'S WILLINGNESS TO PAY FOR A NEW PHONE AND ITS MEAN IS 18884.51 |
| Sample <br> Variance | 356624569.5 |  |
| Kurtosis | 1.104188168 |  |
| Skewness | 1.253602288 |  |
| Range | 89000 | THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE HIGHEST AND THE LOWEST AMOUNT IS Rs. 89000 |
| Minimum | 6000 | THE LOWEST AMOUNT IS Rs. 6000 |
| Maximum | 95000 | THE HIGHEST AMOUNT IS Rs. 95000 |
| Sum | 21074000 |  |
| Count | 653 | TOTAL NUMBER OF PEOPLE SURVEYED IS 653 |

## CORRELATION

|  | What is your age | How much would you pay for a <br> new phone |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| What is your age | 1 |  |
| How much would you pay for a new phone | 0.302300937 | 1 |

## INTERPRETATION

## IMPERFECT POSITIVE CORRELATION

Since their exist imperfect positive correlation it means there is direct relation between the two variables i.e. as the age increases the willingness to pay for a mobile increases but since it is imperfect, the relation may not be proportional.

|  | What is your age | How many hours a day you spend <br> on your mobile phone |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| What is your age | 1 |  |
| How many hours a day you spend on your <br> mobile phone | 0.118120918 |  |

## INTERPRETATION

## IMPERFECT POSITIVE CORRELATION

Since their exist imperfect positive correlation it means there is direct relation between the two variables i.e. as the age increases the time spent on mobile increases but since it is imperfect, the relation may not be proportional.

|  | What is your age | How important is mobile phone in <br> your life |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| What is your age | 1 |  |
| How important is mobile phone in your life | 0.322277781 |  |

## INTERPRETATION

## IMPERFECT POSITIVE CORRELATION

Since their exist imperfect positive correlation it means there is direct relation between the two variables i.e. as the age increases the importance of mobile increases but since it is imperfect, the relation may not be proportional.

## REGRESSION

1. 1.HOW MANY HOURS A DAY YOU SPEND ON YOUR MOBILE PHONE?

| SUMMARY OUTPUT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Regression Statistics |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Multiple R | 0.118120918 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R Square | 0.013952551 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjusted R Square | 0.012437885 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Standard Error | 2.237962906 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Observations | 653 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ANOVA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $d f$ | SS | MS | F |  |  |  |
| Regression | 1 | 46.13627949 | 46.13627949 | 9.21164 |  |  |  |
| Residual | 651 | 3260.519157 | $5.008477968$ |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 652 | 3306.655436 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Coefficients | Standard <br> Error | $t$ Stat | $P$-value | Upper 95\% | Lower 95.0\% | Upper 95.0\% |
| Intercept | 5.439301433 | 0.211311444 | 25.74068549 | 3E-101 | 5.8542357 | 5.024367175 | 5.854235691 |
| What is your age? | 0.017531562 | 0.005776333 | 3.035067826 | 0.0025 | 0.0288741 | 0.00618907 | 0.028874055 |


| Y ESTIMATE EQUATION |
| :--- |
| $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{bx}$ |
| $\mathrm{y}=5.44+(0.02) \mathrm{x}$ |

## INTERPRETATION

To increase 1 unit of hour spent on mobile phone the age should be increased by 0.02 unit as $b$ is positive.

## 2.HOW MUCH WOULD YOU PAY FOR A NEW PHONE?

| SUMMARY OUTPUT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Regression Statistics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Multiple R | 0.302300937 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R Square | 0.091385857 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjusted R Square | 0.089990136 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Standard Error | 18014.76828 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Observations | 653 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ANOVA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $d f$ | SS | MS | F |  |  |  |
| Regression | 1 | 21248968018 | 21248968018 | $65.4758$ |  |  |  |
| Residual | 651 | $2.1127 \mathrm{E}+11$ | 324531876.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 652 | $2.32519 \mathrm{E}+11$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Coefficients | Standard Error | $t$ Stat | $P$-value | Upper <br> 95\% | Lower 95.0\% | Upper 95.0\% |
| Intercept | 19746.5244 | 1700.978464 | 11.60892087 | 1.9E-28 | 23086.591 | 16406.45809 | 23086.59071 |
| What is your age? | 376.2428505 | 46.49732995 | 8.091708726 | 2.9E-15 | 467.54569 | 284.9400101 | 467.5456909 |


| $Y$ ESTIMATE EQUATION |
| :--- |
| $y=a+b x$ |
| $y=19746.52+(376.24) x$ |

## INTERPRETATION

To increase 1 unit of money(rupee) spent on mobile phone the age should be increased by 376.24 unit as b is positive.

## APPENDIX



