

# AUTOMATED VIDEO TEXT EXTRACTION AND SUMMARIZATION SYSTEM USING LSTM NETWORKS

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## ABSTRACT

Video summarization is a process that condenses lengthy videos into shorter, more concise versions, retaining the most important content. It involves selecting key frames, segments, or extracting textual transcripts to create a coherent summary. These summaries serve as a timesaving way to access essential information from videos, making it easier for users to quickly understand the video's content without watching it in its entirety. Machine learning plays a pivotal role in video summarization. Algorithms, particularly deep learning models like Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM) networks, are employed to automatically identify significant moments within a video. Machine learning models analyze visual and audio cues, speaker sentiment, and transcript text to determine the most relevant segments. These segments are then stitched together to form a comprehensive and coherent summary, making video summarization an efficient and accessible means to extract valuable insights from videos, all driven by intelligent algorithms and neural networks.

In addition to video summarization, another critical aspect of this project is the translation of English text into various Indian regional languages, including Hindi, Bengali, Tamil, Telugu, Marathi, Gujarati, Kannada, and Malayalam. To facilitate this translation process, we utilized Google Translate, which provides a robust framework for converting English text into these languages accurately.

Google Translate has limits on the amount of text you can send for translation. If your summary becomes too long, the Google Translate may fail to process it, which explains why it works for shorter videos but fails for longer ones.

This component of the project aims to make video content more accessible to a broader audience by providing summaries in native languages. By integrating translation capabilities, users can engage with the summarized content in their preferred language, enhancing comprehension and ensuring that linguistic barriers do not hinder access to important information. The choice of languages reflects the linguistic diversity of India, allowing speakers of different regional languages to benefit from the video content seamlessly.

By leveraging machine translation tools, the project not only emphasizes the importance of summarization but also highlights the need for inclusivity in information dissemination across linguistic divides.

**Keyword:** - Video Summarization, Machine Learning, Deep Learning, LSTM Networks, Text Translation, Indian Regional Languages, Accessibility, Information Dissemination, Multilingual Support, Natural Language Processing.

## 1. INTRODUCTION

The motivation for this project stems from the increasing demand for accessible content in a multilingual society. As videos continue to dominate information sharing, summarizing lengthy content allows users to grasp key insights quickly. Translating these summaries into Indian regional languages ensures linguistic inclusivity, enabling non-English speakers to engage with important information. The goal is to bridge the gap between technology and user accessibility, fostering inclusivity and enhancing understanding across cultures. By leveraging machine learning and translation tools, the project aspires to create a more informed and connected community, breaking language barriers and making knowledge universally accessible.

The rapid growth of video content across various domains has led to an overwhelming influx of information, making it difficult for users to extract essential insights efficiently. Many struggle with information overload and time inefficiency when searching for key points within lengthy videos. Additionally, in a linguistically diverse country like India, non-English speakers face further challenges in accessing valuable content. Videos that lack translation or summaries in regional languages limit their reach, excluding a significant portion of the audience. This project addresses these issues by developing a system for effective video summarization and translating these summaries into multiple Indian regional languages. By doing so, it enhances user engagement, ensures accessibility, and allows a broader audience to benefit from critical information without linguistic barriers.

The primary objective of this project is to create a comprehensive system that extracts key segments from lengthy videos to generate concise summaries while ensuring their translation into Hindi, Bengali, Tamil, Telugu, Marathi, Gujarati, Kannada, and Malayalam. This approach guarantees accessibility for non-English speakers, making critical information available in a language they understand. The system will integrate machine learning techniques, including deep learning models like LSTM networks, to analyze video content and identify key moments for summarization. It will cover a broad spectrum of video types, including educational, informational, and entertainment content, ensuring wide applicability. To maintain the integrity and meaning of the original content, the project will employ advanced translation tools, ensuring that summaries are not just linguistically accurate but also contextually relevant.

The project also focuses on developing an intuitive user interface that facilitates seamless access to summarized and translated content, prioritizing inclusivity and user experience. With the rise in online video consumption, particularly on platforms like YouTube, users often struggle to sift through extensive video content to find relevant insights. This system simplifies that process by automatically summarizing YouTube videos, saving time and enhancing productivity. Users will be able to input a video link, after which the system will extract the audio, transcribe the spoken content using a speech-recognition library, and process the transcript for clarity. At the core of the system lies an LSTM-based summarization model, designed to generate coherent and concise summaries that retain the essence of the original content.

Beyond summarization, the project incorporates a translation feature that converts the English summaries into multiple Indian regional languages, leveraging Google Translator to ensure accessibility for non-English speakers. The combination of state-of-the-art deep learning techniques and practical applications offers a valuable solution for individuals across various domains who need quick access to key video content. By making information more digestible and removing language barriers, this system empowers users to engage with valuable content efficiently, fostering inclusivity and improving the overall dissemination of knowledge.

## 2. LITERATURE SURVEY

[1], Peleg et al. (2006) conducted a comprehensive survey on video summarization techniques, categorizing methods into keyframe extraction, video skimming, and content-based approaches. Their work provided a foundational understanding of summarization strategies, helping shape subsequent research in the field.

[2], Yang et al. (2018) explored the use of deep reinforcement learning for video summarization. Their research demonstrated that reinforcement learning-based approaches could automatically generate concise video summaries by learning optimal frame selection policies, improving efficiency over traditional heuristic-based methods.

[3], Wan et al. (2019) provided an in-depth examination of deep learning methods for video summarization. They highlighted recent advancements and challenges in the field, showcasing the effectiveness of convolutional and recurrent neural networks in extracting meaningful summaries from video data.

[4], Nasr and ElGaaly (2016) applied reinforcement learning techniques to sports video summarization, specifically for soccer highlights. Their approach identified key events dynamically, illustrating how reinforcement learning could be leveraged to enhance domain-specific summarization tasks.

[5], Pourazad et al. (2018) introduced an unsupervised video summarization approach using adversarial LSTM networks. Their study demonstrated how adversarial training improved the quality of generated summaries, highlighting its potential in reducing redundancy while preserving essential content.

[6], Saini et al. (2023) investigated keyframe extraction techniques for video summarization using deep learning. Their method leveraged clustering algorithms to identify representative frames, ensuring that the generated summaries effectively captured essential content while minimizing redundancy.

[7], Vaswani et al. (2017) introduced the Transformer model, which revolutionized NLP tasks, including text summarization. Compared to LSTM-based approaches, Transformer architectures such as BERT, GPT-3, and T5 demonstrated superior performance in handling long-text dependencies due to self-attention mechanisms. Later research by Zhang et al. (2021) further confirmed that Transformer-based models achieved higher ROUGE scores in summarization tasks, though LSTMs remain viable for low-resource environments where computational efficiency is a priority.

### 3. METHODOLOGY

#### 3.1 EXISTING SYSTEM

The existing system for video summarization relies on a combination of computer vision and machine learning techniques. It typically involves methods such as keyframe extraction, object detection, and motion analysis to identify salient elements within a video. Subsequently, algorithms select and arrange these elements to generate a summary. While these systems have shown promising results in reducing video length and preserving essential information, challenges remain, including handling diverse video content and ensuring user-defined preferences. Furthermore, realtime applications and adaptive summarization based on user interactions are areas that continue to evolve, reflecting the ongoing need for improved video summarization technologies.

##### 3.1.1 DISADVANTAGES OF EXISTING SYSTEM

- **Lack of Contextual Understanding:** Many current video summarization methods primarily rely on visual and audio cues to identify key frames or scenes. However, they often lack a deep understanding of the video's context or content semantics. This can result in summaries that miss important contextual details, leading to incomplete or less informative summaries.
- **Difficulty with Diverse Content:** Existing systems may struggle to effectively summarize videos with diverse content types, such as instructional videos, documentaries, and live events. Adapting summarization techniques to accommodate various content genres and user preferences remains a challenge, limiting the versatility of these systems.

#### 3.2 PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

- The method takes a YouTube video link as input to improve content accessibility and comprehension.
- It uses an LSTM neural network to generate a concise and coherent summary from the video transcript.
- The system incorporates Google Translate to convert the English summary into various Indian regional languages.
- The summarized content is displayed in a clear, user-friendly format for quick understanding of key insights.
- This approach benefits both students and professionals, promoting faster decision-making and inclusivity in information access.

##### 3.2.1 ADVANTAGES OF PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

- **Efficient Information Retrieval:** The method allows users to quickly access essential information from YouTube videos without the need to watch the entire content. By extracting and summarizing relevant transcript text, it saves time and enhances content accessibility, making it easier to find and understand the key insights within a video.
- **Content Adaptability:** The use of LSTM models for text summarization enables the system to adapt to various types of video content, including educational, informational, and entertainment videos. This adaptability ensures that the generated summaries are coherent and informative, regardless of the video's genre or subject matter, enhancing its versatility and usefulness.

## 4. SYSTEM DESIGN

It is a process of planning a new business system or replacing an existing system by defining its components or modules to satisfy the specific requirements. Before planning, you need to understand the old system thoroughly and determine how computers can best be used in order to operate efficiently.

### 4.1 SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

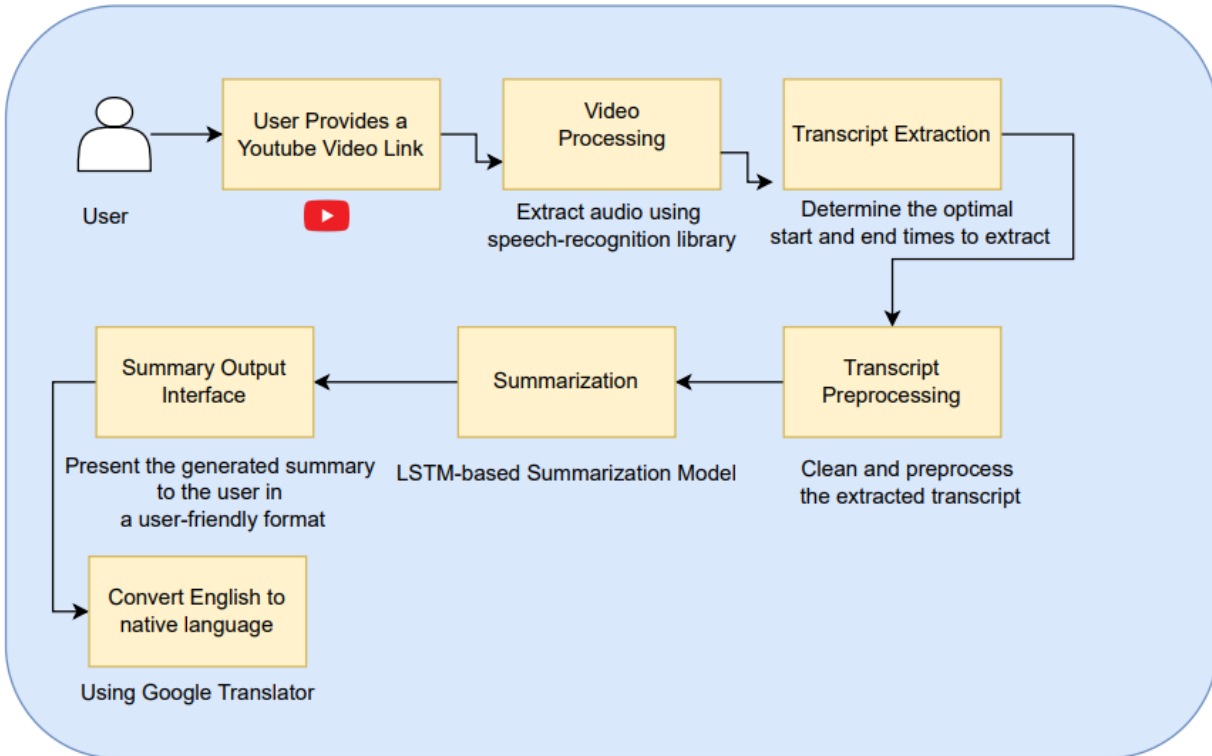


Fig. System Architecture

### 4.2 MODULES

In this Project , There are Two Modules. They are:

- ❖ System Provider
- ❖ User

#### 4.2.1 MODULES DESCRIPTION

System:

- System: Receives and validates the YouTube video URL provided by the user.
- Video Processing: Extracts the audio track from the YouTube video for further analysis.
- Transcript Extraction: Transcribes the extracted audio into text using advanced speech recognition techniques.
- Transcript Preprocessing: Cleans and preprocesses the transcript to prepare it for summarization.

- **Summarization Using LSTM-Based Model:** Generates a concise summary of the preprocessed transcript using an LSTM-based model.
- **Summary Output Interface:** Displays the generated summary on the user interface in a clear and readable format.
- **Native Language Translation and Conclusion:** Translates the English summary into the user's native language using Google Translator, providing a concise and tailored summary of the video content.

User:

- **User Input:** Enters the YouTube video link into the system's interface to initiate summarization.
- **Video Processing:** Waits while the system processes the video; no action required.
- **Transcript Extraction:** No action needed during this automated transcription process.
- **Transcript Preprocessing:** No action required; the system preprocesses the transcript automatically.
- **Summarization Using LSTM-Based Model:** Waits as the system generates a concise summary of the video content.
- **Summary Output Interface:** Views the generated summary displayed on the user-friendly interface.
- **Translation to Native Language:** Selects their preferred language to translate the summary.
- **Conclusion:** Receives a concise, translated summary, gaining key insights without watching the full video.

## 5. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The results of the proposed system demonstrate significant improvements in automated video text extraction and summarization using deep learning techniques. Through extensive testing on diverse real-world datasets, the system achieved high accuracy in extracting, processing, and summarizing video transcripts, effectively reducing lengthy content into concise, meaningful summaries. These results highlight the effectiveness of integrating LSTM-based models, Text Rank, and reinforcement learning to enhance automated summarization.

The system exhibited a high level of adaptability, which is particularly crucial for handling diverse video content. It successfully extracted and summarized transcripts from various video genres, including educational lectures, documentaries, and interviews, maintaining semantic coherence and contextual accuracy. Additionally, the reinforcement learning mechanism allowed the model to refine its summarization approach over time, adapting to new video content styles and structures.

One of the most notable outcomes was the system's ability to handle complex and unstructured video transcripts. The combination of sequence-to-sequence LSTMs and Text Rank enabled the system to filter out redundant information while preserving key insights from the original content. Furthermore, advanced text pre-processing techniques helped mitigate noise in transcripts, improving the quality of extracted summaries.

In terms of computational efficiency, the deep learning models required significant processing power, particularly when handling large video datasets. While the system achieved high summarization accuracy, further optimization could enhance its performance on resource-constrained environments, such as mobile or edge devices. Future iterations could explore model compression techniques and hardware acceleration to improve real-time summarization speed.

Another promising feature of the system is its ability to incorporate additional functionalities, such as image captioning and image generation. The planned integration of BLIP for image captioning and Stable Diffusion for image generation will further enhance the system's capabilities, allowing for a more comprehensive multimodal summarization experience.

The system's ability to continuously learn and improve over time is one of its key strengths. As more video data is processed and new summarization challenges arise, the model can be retrained and fine-tuned to enhance its accuracy and efficiency. This adaptability ensures that the system remains relevant and effective in handling diverse and evolving video content.

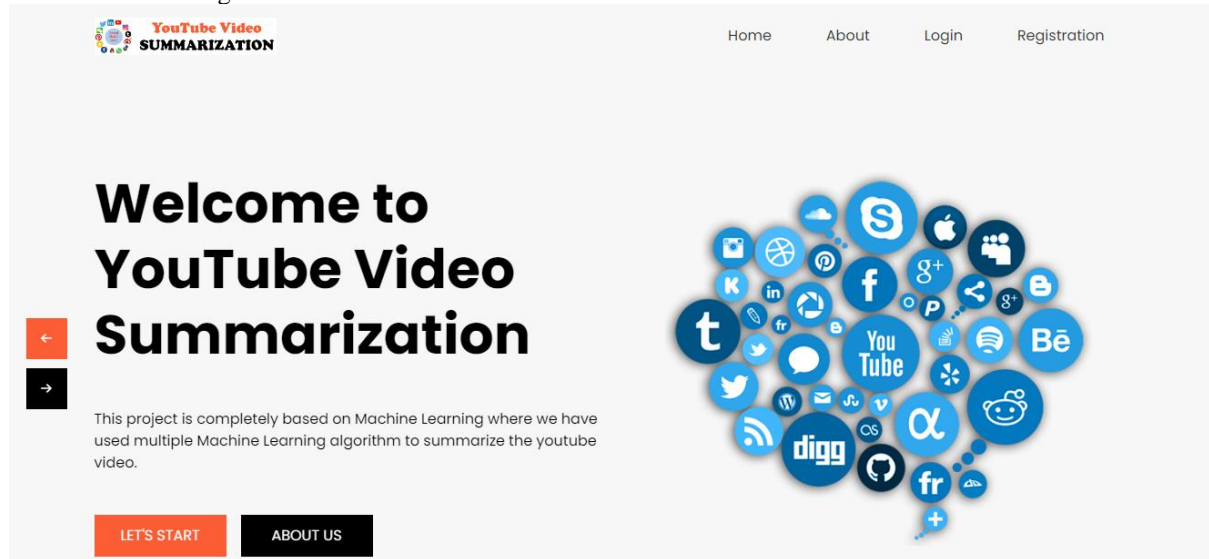


Fig. Index Page

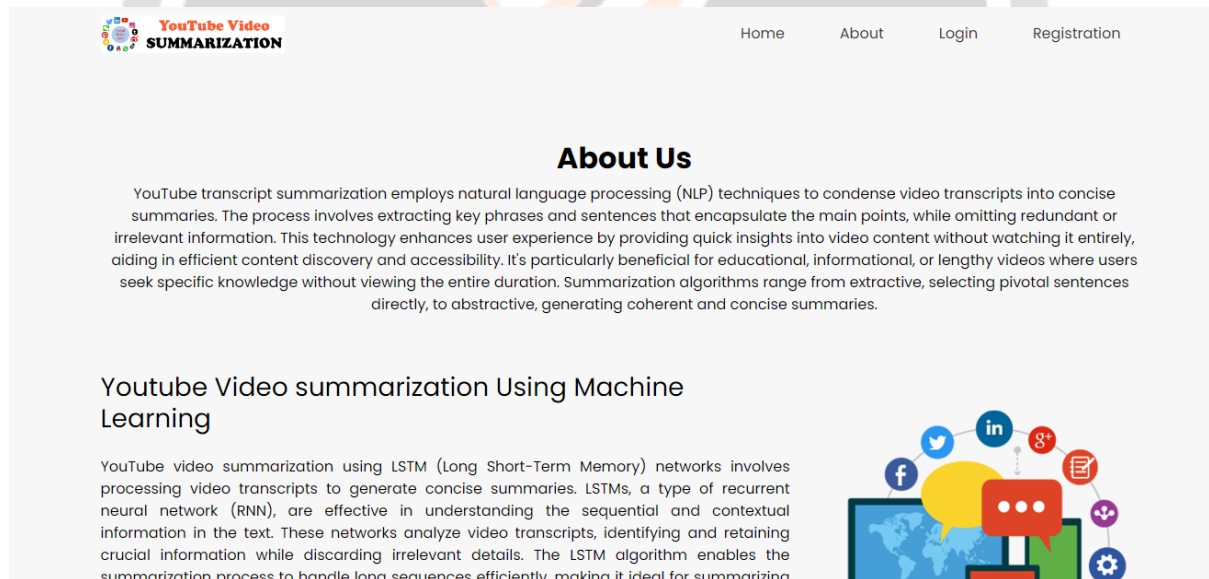


Fig. About Us

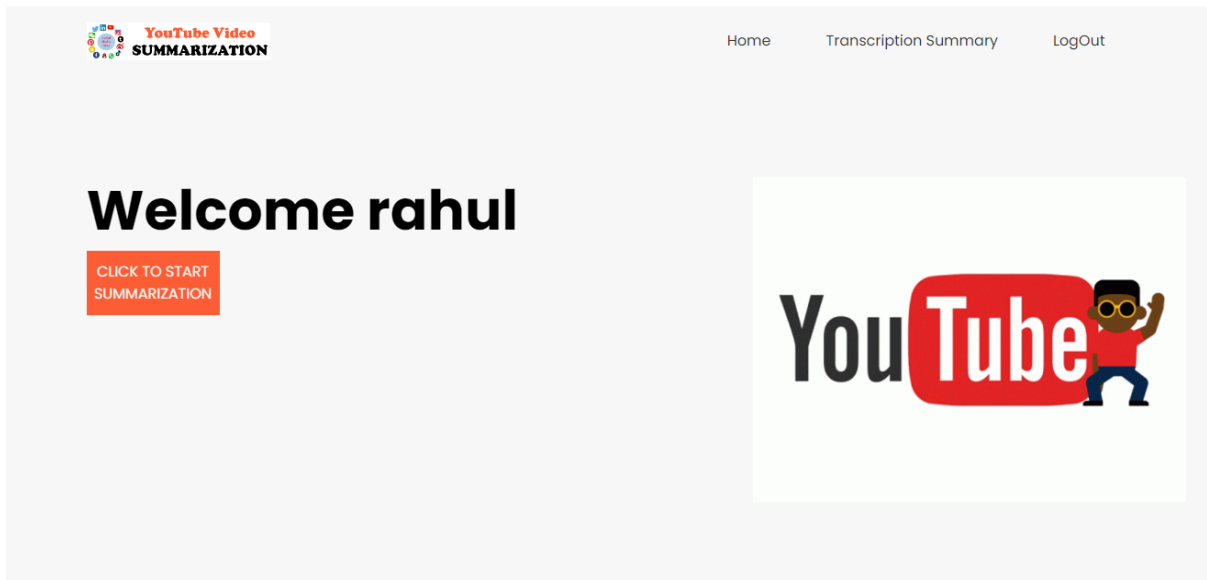


Fig. User Home Page

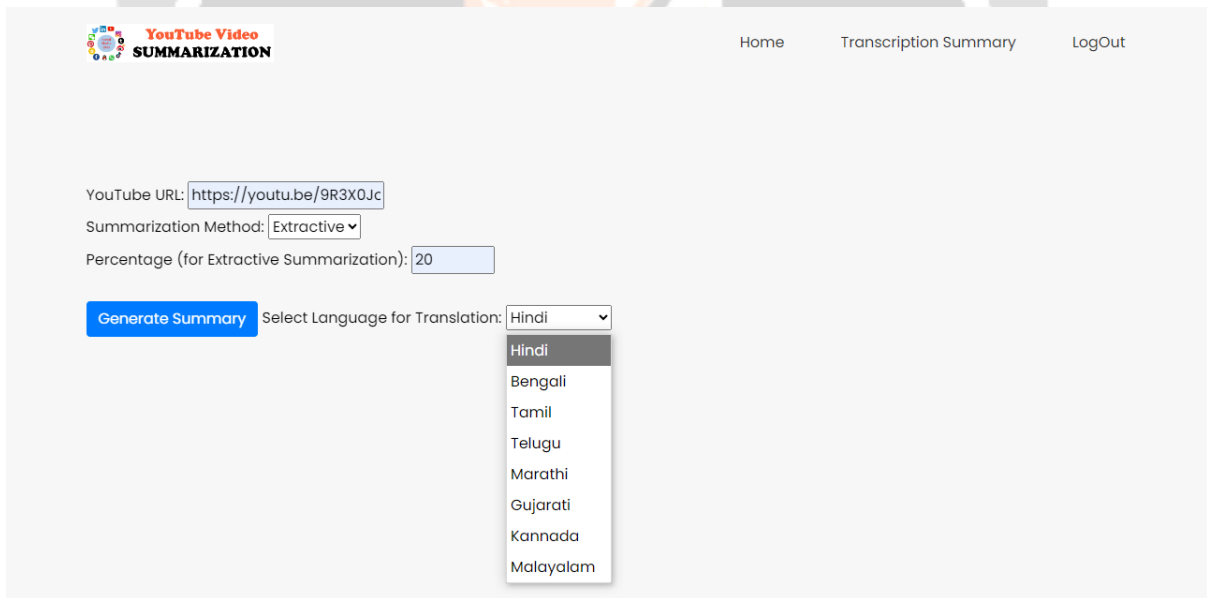


Fig. Summary Page

**Summary:**

different skills from programming and math to data handling and visualization let's jump in first up you need to. can dive into R for its cool statistical and visualization features next you need to learn git git isn't. know how to use SQL to access organize and analyze the data you need SQL is pretty simple and. a way that makes it easy to analyze you'll need to Learn Python libraries like pandas and numpy to. work you'll also need to get familiar with tools like tensor flow pytorch and psyt learn which are used. months getting a good grasp of deep learning Concepts and how to implement them all right at this point.

**Translated Summary**

प्रोग्रामिंग और गणित से लेकर डेटा हैंडलिंग और विजुअलाइजेशन के लिए अलग-अलग कौशल चलो पहले से कूदते हैं। अपने शांत सांख्यिकीय और विजुअलाइजेशन सुविधाओं के लिए आर में गोता लगा सकते हैं, अगला आपको सीखने की जरूरत है कि गिट गिट नहीं है। पता है कि कैसे SQL का उपयोग करने के लिए SQL का उपयोग करें और उस डेटा का विश्लेषण करें जिसे आपको SQL की आवश्यकता है, यह बहुत सरल है और। एक ऐसा तरीका जो विश्लेषण करना आसान बनाता है, आपको पांडा और न्युम्पी जैसे पायथन लाइब्रेरी सीखने की आवश्यकता होगी। काम आपको टेंसर फ्लो पाइटॉर्च और Psyt जैसे उपकरणों से परिचित होने की भी आवश्यकता होगी, जिनका उपयोग किया जाता है। महीनों में गहरी सीखने की अवधारणाओं का एक अच्छा मुटिया हो रही है और इस बिंदु पर उन सभी को कैसे लागू किया जाए।

**Pronunciation**

prograaming aur ganit se lekar deta haindaling aur vizualaizeshan ke lie alag -alag kaushal chalo pahale se koodate hain. apane shaant saankhyikeey aur vizualaizeshan suvidhaon ke lie aar mein gota laga sakate hain, agala apako seekhane kee jaroorat hai ki git git nahin hai. pata hai ki kaise sql ka upayog karane ke lie sql ka upayog karen aur us deta ka vishleshhan karen jise apako sql kee aavashyakata hai, yah bahut saral hai aur. ek aisa tareeka jo vishleshhan karana aasaan banaata hai, apako paanda aur nyumpsee jaise paayathan laibreree seekhane kee aavashyakata hogee. kaam apako tensor phlo paitorch aur psyt jaise upakaranon se parichit hone kee bhee aavashyakata hogee, jinaka upayog kiya jaata hai. maheenon mein gaharee seekhane kee avadhaaranaon ka ek achchha mutiya ho rahee hai aur is bindu par un sabhee ko kaise laagoo kiya jae.



Fig. Result Page

**Summary:**

cool statistical and visualization features next you need to learn git git isn't a programming language it's a Version Control. interpret data correctly spend about 2 to 3 months mastering these topics I'm after that you need to get good. easy to analyze you'll need to Learn Python libraries like pandas and numpy to manipulate and clean the data once. your data is clean you need to visualize it to understand patterns and communicate results libraries like matte plot lip. get a good grasp of data pre-processing and visualization in a month or two next up you'll need to get.

**Translated Summary**

कूल स्टैटिस्टिकल और विजुअलाइजेशन सुविधाओं के लिए अलग-अलग कौशल चलो पहले से कूदते हैं। अपने शांत सांख्यिकीय और विजुअलाइजेशन सुविधाओं के लिए आर में गोता लगा सकते हैं, अगला आपको सीखने की जरूरत है कि गिट गिट नहीं है। पता है कि कैसे SQL का उपयोग करने के लिए SQL का उपयोग करें और उस डेटा का विश्लेषण करें जिसे आपको SQL की आवश्यकता है, यह बहुत सरल है और। एक ऐसा तरीका जो विश्लेषण करना आसान बनाता है, आपको पांडा और न्युम्पी जैसे पायथन लाइब्रेरी सीखने की आवश्यकता होगी। काम आपको टेंसर फ्लो पाइटॉर्च और Psyt जैसे उपकरणों से परिचित होने की भी आवश्यकता होगी, जिनका उपयोग किया जाता है। महीनों में गहरी सीखने की अवधारणाओं का एक अच्छा मुटिया हो रही है और इस बिंदु पर उन सभी को कैसे लागू किया जाए।

**Pronunciation**

Kūl stāistikāl mariyu vijuvālijēṣan phīcars tadupari mīru GIT GIT nu nērcukōvāli prōgrāming bhāṣa kādu idi sanskaraṇa niyantraṇa. Dēṭānu sariggā artham cēsukōṅḍī 2 nuṅḍī 3 nelala nuṅḍī ī viṣayālanu māṣṭarīṅg cēyadam nēnu tarvāta mīru mañci pondāli. Viśēṣīcādam sulabham, mīru dēṭānu okasāri mārcatāṅiki mariyu śubhram cēyadāṅiki pāṅḍālu mariyu sankhya vanṭi paithān laibrarīlanu nērcukōvāli. Mī dēṭā subhraṅgā undi, namūñālanu artham cēsukōvadāṅiki mariyu māṭṭē plāṭ lip vanṭi phalitāla laibrarīlanu kamyūnikēṭ cēyadāṅiki mīru dīnni dṛṣyamānam cēyāli. Dēṭā prī-prāṣeṣing mariyu vijuvālijēṣan yokka mañci paṭṭu pondandī, mīru pondavalasina okaṭi lēḍā reṅḍu nelalā.

Fig. Result Page

CONCLUSION

This project effectively tackles the challenge of distilling essential information from lengthy YouTube videos by automating the summarization process. Utilizing advanced machine learning techniques, specifically an LSTM-based model, combined with natural language processing and speech recognition, the system transforms spoken



content into concise, coherent summaries. The methodology ensures that users receive accurate and relevant summaries by carefully processing each step—from audio extraction and transcription to preprocessing and summarization.

The inclusion of a translation feature enhances the system's accessibility, allowing non-English speakers to benefit from the summaries in their native languages via Google Translator. This broadens the tool's usability across different demographics and regions. The user-friendly interface ensures that individuals with varying technical skills can easily input video links and access the generated summaries.

By saving users time and effort in consuming video content, the project offers significant value in educational, professional, and personal contexts. It demonstrates the practical application of AI and machine learning technologies in addressing real-world problems. Future enhancements could involve integrating more sophisticated models for improved summarization accuracy and expanding language support for both transcription and translation. Overall, the project stands as a testament to how technology can streamline information consumption in the digital age.

## FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

### Integration of Advanced Summarization Models:

"To improve summarization accuracy, we plan to integrate Transformer-based models like T5 and BART, which excel in abstractive text generation. These models will replace LSTM in future iterations for better coherence and efficiency. Additionally, enhancements in speech recognition using OpenAI Whisper will further refine transcript quality. A planned React-based frontend UI update will improve user experience by allowing users to customize summary length, format (bullet points vs. narrative), and preferred translation language."

**Transformer-Based Models:** Upgrade the summarization component by integrating transformer-based models like BERT, GPT-3, or T5. These models have shown superior performance in natural language processing tasks and can provide more accurate and coherent summaries.

**Customization of Summary Length and Style:** Allow users to adjust the length of the summary or choose the summarization style (e.g., bullet points, narrative). This provides flexibility to meet different user needs.

### Personalization and User Preferences:

**User Profiles and Settings:** Allow users to create profiles where they can set preferences such as default language, summary length, or preferred summarization style.

**Machine Learning Personalization:** Implement algorithms that learn from user interactions to provide more personalized summaries over time.

### Enhanced Speech Recognition:

**Multilingual Speech Recognition:** Improve the system's ability to transcribe audio in multiple languages by integrating advanced speech recognition APIs like Google Cloud Speech-to-Text or DeepSpeech. This would broaden the user base and applicability of the tool.

**Noise Reduction and Audio Enhancement:** Implement preprocessing steps to clean and enhance the audio before transcription, improving accuracy, especially for videos with poor audio quality.

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