A STUDY ABOUT MARKETING INFLUENCE ON CONSUMER CHOICES WITH REFERENCE TO STARBUCKS

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ABSTRACT

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Starbucks is a multinational corporation that specialises in coffee and snacks and has its headquarters in the United States. The company's marketing campaign has been so successful that it has acquired unprecedented levels of brand awareness. By using unconventional marketing efforts and demonstrating an unrivalled dedication to maintaining quality and brand consistency across a wide range of touchpoints and locations, Starbucks has been able to increase the popularity of their brand. The excellent service attitude not only attracted a large number of consumers but also significantly raised the level of satisfaction experienced by those clients. Starbucks has used a number of cutting-edge marketing strategies throughout the world over the course of its history in order to attract new consumers, hence boosting sales and influencing the purchasing behaviour of customers. From the perspective of Starbucks' marketing strategy, the purpose of this research study is to get an understanding of the preferences and actions of customers.

Keywords: Starbucks, marketing strategy, brand awareness, customer satisfaction, unconventional marketing, social media, digital marketing, customer decision-making, green marketing, customer behavior

INTRODUCTION

The United States of America is home to the headquarters of the international coffee and snack business known as Starbucks. Both the company's marketing approach and the awareness of its brand have reached unprecedented heights. A number of unconventional marketing efforts and an unrivalled dedication to maintaining quality and brand consistency across a wide range of touchpoints and locations have contributed to the success of Starbucks' marketing strategy, which has helped the company's brand become more well-known. Not only did an excellent service attitude attract a large number of consumers, but it also significantly boosted customer satisfaction. Starbucks has, throughout the course of its history, implemented a number of cutting-edge marketing efforts all over the world in order to attract new consumers, therefore boosting sales and influencing the purchasing behaviour of customers. The purpose of this research study is to get an understanding of the decisions and actions of customers in relation to the marketing approach that Starbucks employs.

The purpose of this research paper is to conduct an in-depth investigation of the dynamic interaction between Starbucks and its customers, with a particular emphasis on Starbucks as a well-known brand in the coffee market worldwide. Starbucks, which is well-known for its inventive and powerful marketing methods, offers an amazing method for elucidating the processes via which marketing strategies impact the preferences and choices of consumers. As a representative example of the wider marketing environment, the coffee sector, which is characterised by constantly shifting customer preferences and intense rivalry, serves as an example. Through an

analysis of Starbucks' branding, advertising campaigns, pricing structures, and customer interaction strategies, the purpose of this study is to shed light on the myriad of ways in which marketing influences the decisions that customers make when picking their favourite coffee supplier.

OBJECTIVES OF THE RESEARCH

- 1. To examine the impact of social media and digital marketing on customer decision-making about Starbucks goods.
- 2. To analyse the marketing methods used to persuade individuals to purchase Starbucks coffee.
- 3. To assess the impact of in-store marketing on Starbucks customers' purchasing decisions.
- 4. To assess the efficacy of Starbucks' marketing initiatives in shaping customer behaviour.

REVIEW OF LITERATURE

1. **K. Haskova (2015):** According to this article, Starbucks is a notable example of a firm that places an emphasis on ethical and customer-centric marketing methods rather than relying on conventional advertising that seeks to appeal to a wide age group while providing superior coffee. It delivers drinks that appeal to a younger demographic while maintaining its high-end brand image. In addition to its beverage offerings, Starbucks strategically promotes a social image, targeting customers who want affiliation with a refined, upper-middle-class brand. To increase its appeal, the company's corporate social responsibility activities focus on environmental sustainability and bettering the lives of coffee and tea producers. Supporting research and development and fostering a feeling of community are two benefits of consumer engagement via social media. Despite encountering criticism for its rapid growth, Starbucks continues to be adored by a substantial portion of the consumer base, generates constant profits, and is well-positioned to accommodate emerging technology developments all the while maintaining a customer-centric strategy.

Pei-Hsuan Tsai, Guan-Yi Lin, Yu-Lin Zheng, Yi-Chong Chen, Pao-Zhen Chen, Zheng-Cheng Su (2020): This journal investigates the effect that green marketing has on the brand image of Starbucks and, therefore, on the purchase intentions of customers. The research started by analysing the interrelationships among assessment indicators using the Decision-Making Trial and Evaluation Laboratory (DEMATEL) approach. Subsequently, an Influential Network Relation Map was developed (INRM). The results of this study provide significant implications for businesses seeking to improve the measurable results of their eco-friendly marketing approaches through the stimulation of consumer intent to buy, thereby making a lasting contribution to a marketplace that is more environmentally conscious and sustainable.

- 1. **Aisyah, Budiarti (2023):** According to this study, customer behaviour has a pivotal role in determining the efficacy of marketing efforts, defining the way brands are seen, and providing guidance for product choices. Globally present in a multitude of locations, Starbucks Coffee is confronted with increasing competition. The objective of this research is to ascertain the determinants that influence the purchasing choices of Starbucks patrons aged 18 and older, as well as those in a variety of different occupations. This study investigates the determinants that impact customer decision-making within a highly competitive coffee shop setting exclusive to a worldwide brand such as Starbucks.
- 2. Wily Mohammad, Syifa Izzati Zahira (2023): This research conducts an analysis of the market strategy pertaining to Product, Price, Promotion, Place, People, Process, and Technology in order to sustain the company's market position and facilitate its worldwide growth. An examination is conducted of the evolution of Starbucks products, the company's premium pricing strategy, customer loyalty initiatives, global expansion endeavours, the significance of adequately trained employees, direct sourcing from coffee farmers, digital innovations (such as mobile applications and food delivery partnerships), and the necessity of well-trained personnel.
- 3. **Hong Nguyen Thi (2021):** This research classifies social media and its marketing facets in an effort to conceptualise social media marketing. Additionally, the methodologies used by Starbucks in social media marketing are scrutinised. The research emphasises that while social media marketing is unique, it continues to cross with conventional marketing methods.
- 4. Hannu Vanharanta, Jussi Kantola, Sami Seikola (2015): This research investigates the significance of customer experience in shaping coffee-related decision-making. The research performed at a Starbucks

establishment unveils the capacity to augment the client experience and offers significant insights into consumer inclinations.

- 5. James H. Gilmore, B. Joseph Pine (2007): Contrived. Disingenuous. Phony. Inauthentic. People, inundated with sophisticated counterfeits and imitations, increasingly see the world as either genuine or phoney. They prefer to purchase authentic items from reputable vendors rather than counterfeit goods from dishonest sellers. Consumers consider an offering's (and a company's) authenticity alongside, if not more than, price, quality, and availability when making a purchasing decision. James H. Gilmore and B. Joseph Pine II argue in Authenticity that for businesses to defeat competitors, they must comprehend, manage, and excel in rendering authenticity. The authors demonstrate effective customer perception management of authenticity by utilising case studies from diverse sectors including government, nonprofit, education, and religion. They accomplish this by: identifying the tactics that businesses employ to mislead customers; capitalising on the five distinct genres of authenticity; delineating the process of remaining "true to oneself" and one's stated beliefs; and formulating and executing business strategies that convey authenticity.
- 6. Walter A. Friedman (2004): In this thought-provoking and enlightening literary work, Walter Friedman documents the extraordinary transformation of the American salesperson, progressing from a nomadic novice to a seasoned professional. The evolution of sales management from the mid-nineteenth century to the brink of World War II revolutionised the economy from one dominated by peddlers and canvassers to one propelled by professional salespeople and executives. As the new science of mass manufacturing emerged at the turn of the century, so did the phrase and notion of salesmanship. Managers gathered proficient groups of well-groomed, accountable sales representatives who were portrayed as dependable cornerstones of society, no longer the subject of ceaseless anecdotes from itinerant salespeople. individual hopefuls transformed their residences into territories, like to ominous regions. Marketing, consumer behaviour, and industrial psychology are some of the academic fields that arose from the study of selling itself as an industry.
- 7. Andrea Hoffman; Leonard E. Burnett (2010): Burnett and Hoffman demonstrate in Black is the New Green how readers may emulate the achievements of illustrious brands such Gucci, HSBC, Sony Electronics, and Aston Martin, among others, and achieve success in a market area that growth-oriented organisations cannot afford to ignore. At now, the estimation puts the overall count of wealthy ethnic families in the United States at more than 1.3 million. Furthermore, the purchasing power of affluent African Americans, who are referred to as AAA's in this book, is at \$87.3 billion. Black is the New Green will demonstrate how to acquire this profitable market and generate inexpensive, quantifiable brand loyalty and product bonding among wealthy African Americans. The market for wealthy African Americans has been neglected and undervalued until now. However, given the current presidency of an African American, the moment has come to capitalise on this market and embrace a community whose support will significantly impact your financial performance.
- 8. Martin Lindstrom; Morgan Spurlock (2011): A disturbing insider's look at how today's global giants combine to obfuscate the facts and corrupt our brains in order to persuade us to purchase, from the bestselling author of Buyology. Since more than two decades ago, marketing genius Martin Lindstrom has been at the forefront of the branding battles. In this work, the author directs attention towards his own field, using insights gained from private conversations to forthrightly reveal the whole spectrum of psychological strategies and snares orchestrated by corporations in an attempt to swindle our ardent financial support. This trenchant exposé presents the Hidden Persuaders of the twenty-first century, a new category of tactics, strategies, and seductions, and demonstrates why they are more prevalent and pernicious than ever before.
- 9. **Nithin Geereddy (2022):** According to his journal entry, the individual asserts that Starbucks' fundamental strength has been its capacity to efficiently exploit its fundamental product differentiation tactics via the provision of a premium assortment of snacks and drinks of superior quality. Starbucks has established a strong brand equity through the sale of premium coffee and associated merchandise, as well as the provision of an individualised "Starbucks Experience" to every customer. This experience is characterised by impeccable customer service, immaculate and well-maintained locations that mirror the local culture, and a commitment to providing an exceptional customer experience that has developed into a cult following. Its values-driven approach to human resource management in establishing extremely strong internal and external relationships with suppliers is an additional area of expertise. This contributes to the effective implementation of the company's business strategy, which consists of organic expansion into international markets, horizontal integration via astute acquisitions and alliances, and the preservation of their long-term strategic goal of becoming the most reputable and well-known brands globally.

10. **Bojing Mi, Tianshu Zhang, Jingwen Zhang, Hantao Du (2021):** According to their article, Starbucks builds its brand's sense of ritual in a collaborative manner by satisfying the audio-visual ceremony sense, environmental ritual sense, interactive ritual sense, and corporate culture ritual sense through its distinctive forms of expression. This ultimately fosters consumer trust and accomplishes the company's objective. Still absent are voids in the brand ritual sense. Certain definitions of brand ritual sense have been established, and the study has been refined. Furthermore, by means of methodical examination, this article offers some benchmark value with regard to the marketing tactics used by alternative coffee companies and methods for enticing customers.

DATA COLLECTION PROCESS

Methodical procedures are followed during data collecting in order to elicit responses, test hypotheses, and analyse findings. Various gender orientations, students, and working professionals will be selected to participate in the data gathering phase of this research.

Principal data

A survey will be administered to a sample of forty persons in order to collect data and get their thoughts about Starbucks and its customer service. The data that has been obtained is used in order to analyse the hypothesis and interpret the results.

Adjacent data

Secondary data sources include papers and publications authored by other researchers, a literature assessment of prior study results, websites, books pertaining to Starbucks, and numerous online resources.

SAMPLING TECHNIQUE

For the purpose of sampling in this research investigation, basic random sampling was used. By using a random selection process, the participants' selection bias is eliminated from the dataset.

DATA ANALYSIS

Frequency Table

		Frequency	Percentage
Age	Below 20		V - A
4	20 - 30	29	72.5
***	30 - 40	5	12.5
***	40 – 50	2	5
	Above 50	4	10
	Total	40	100.00
Gender	Male	22	55
	Female	17	42.5
	LGBTQIA+	1	2.5
	Total	40	100.00
Educational	Pre-University	-	-
Qualification	Undergraduate	25	62.5
	Postgraduate	15	37.5
	PhD	-	-
	Illiterate	-	-
	Total	40	100.00
Occupation	Working professional	17	42.5
-	Non-working	23	57.5
	professional		
	Total	40	100.00
Marital status	Married	12	30

	Unmarried	28	70
	Total	40	100.00
Visit to Starbucks	Regularly	3	7.5
	Sometimes	16	40
	Not regularly	21	52.5
	Total	40	100.00

Analysis

Age distribution: 72.5 percent of the whole sample consists of respondents aged 20 to 30; this age bracket comprises the bulk of respondents. This age cohort exhibits the highest degree of prevalence among the population that was studied. The age group below 20 is not, however, well represented in the sample. Additionally, the distribution comprises 12,5% of respondents between the ages of 30 and 40, 5% between the ages of 40 and 50, and 10% above the age of 50.

Gender distribution: Out of the overall sample, 17 individuals are identified as female, representing 42.5 percent, while 22 individuals identify as male, representing 55 percent. Significantly, the LGBTQIA+ demographic is represented by a single person, accounting for 2.5 percent of the total sample. Males are the predominant gender group, indicating a marginal overrepresentation within the sample.

Educational attainment: Of the participants, 25 are classified as undergraduates, accounting for 62.5 percent of the whole sample. In contrast, 15 are designated as postgraduates, representing 37.5 percent of the population. The data suggests that there is a scarcity of persons in the sample who possess a pre-university, PhD, or illiterate background.

Occupation: It shows that the majority of respondents, accounting for 57.5% of the total sample, identify as non-working professionals, indicating individuals who may be unemployed or not currently engaged in a professional occupation. Conversely, 42.5 percent of the participants self-identify as employed professionals. The job status of the examined population indicates that non-working professionals are somewhat more prevalent.

Marital status: Out of the overall sample, 12 respondents are recognised as married, representing 30 percent, while 28 identify as unmarried, totaling 70 percent. The unmarried constitute the majority group, indicating an overrepresentation within the sample.

The frequency of visits to Starbucks demonstrates that the respondents' participation in the activity is diverse. It is worth noting that among the respondents, 7.5 percent frequently indulge in the visiting behaviour, 40 percent sometimes do so, and the majority, 52.5 percent, admit that they do not routinely partake in the behaviour.

DATA INTERPRETATION

Starbucks' marketing effectively communicates the value of their products

SI. No	Responses	Frequency	Percentage
1	Strongly agree	7	17.5
2	Agree	19	47.5
3	Neutral	9	22.5
4	Disagree	4	10
5	Strongly disagree	Sellen 1	2.5
	Total	40	100

The findings on the efficacy of Starbucks' marketing as perceived by respondents are, on the whole, favourable. A consensus was reached by 47.5 percent of the participants, or 17.5 percent of the total, that Starbucks' marketing conveys the value of their goods well. This finding suggests that a significant majority has favourable opinions.

Based on the considerable consensus and favourable feedback, it may be inferred that Starbucks has effectively communicated the value proposition of its goods via marketing endeavours, as seen by the majority. Nevertheless, the inclusion of neutral and negative replies indicates that the sample has a range of viewpoints.

Starbucks advertisements have a significant impact on shaping my preferences

SI.No	Responses	Frequency	Percentage
1	Strongly agree	10	25

2	Agree	8	20
3	Neutral	11	27.5
4	Disagree	5	12.5
5	Strongly disagree	6	15
	Total	40	100

The responses to the question of how Starbucks commercials influence consumer choices reflect a wide variety of perspectives, according to the statistics. A considerable proportion of the respondents (20 percent) of the total (45%) think that Starbucks commercials significantly influence the formation of their preferences (25 percent strongly agree and 20 percent agree). This suggests that a significant proportion of individuals are attributing benefit to the promotional endeavours of Starbucks. Consequentially, 27.5 percent maintain a neutral stance. Conversely, a notable number of participants (27.5 percent) indicate some level of dissent; this indicates that a substantial segment of the population holds the opinion that Starbucks commercials do not have a substantial influence on their choices.

This finding indicates that a considerable proportion of respondents recognise the impact that Starbucks commercials have on their choices; moreover, the sample contains a noteworthy variety of viewpoints. The indifferent replies suggest that the influence of Starbucks marketing on consumer preferences is subject to some degree of variation.

I believe that Starbucks' branding and marketing reflect the authentic qualities of their products

SI.No	Responses	Frequency	Percentage
1	Strongly agree	6	15
2	Agree	19	47.5
3	Neutral	12	30
4	Disagree	<u>// // 1</u>	2.5
5	Strongly disagree	2	5
A 1	Total	40	100

The responses to a question questioning the extent to which Starbucks' branding and marketing reflect the genuine quality of their goods reveal a favourable view among respondents. A substantial 62.5 percent of respondents agree (47.5 percent) or strongly agree (15 percent) that the branding and marketing of Starbucks accurately represent the genuine features of their goods. This indicates that the optimistic emotion is predominant among the majority of the participants. Nevertheless, it is worth mentioning that thirty percent of the respondents choose a neutral position; this might indicate that this segment of the sample harbours some degree of doubt. Conversely, the assumption is met with disagreement (2.5 percent) or severe disagreement (5 percent) by a minority of 7.5 percent.

Hence, a significant proportion of participants hold the opinion that Starbucks' branding and marketing are genuine. However, the existence of neutral and dissenting perspectives highlights the necessity for continuous endeavours to convey and augment the brand's credibility in the minds of consumers.

Starbucks' social media presence influences my decision to choose their products

SI. no	Responses	Frequency	Percentage
1	Strongly agree	7	17.5
2	Agree	13	32.5
3	Neutral	11	27.5
4	Disagree	5	12.5
5	Strongly disagree	4	10
	Total	40	100

The data pertaining to the perspectives of respondents about the impact of Starbucks' social media presence on their product selections indicates a diversity of opinions. A significant majority of respondents (32.5 percent) either agree (32.5 percent) or strongly agree (17.5 percent) that the social media presence of Starbucks influences their product selection. This finding suggests that a considerable proportion of participants recognise the impact that Starbucks' social media tactics have on their decision-making. In contrast, 27.5 percent maintain an impartial position. Conversely, the concept is met with disagreement (12.5 percent) or extreme disagreement (10 percent) by 22.5 percent of the respondents.

Hence, a considerable proportion of respondents recognise the effect that Starbucks' social media presence has had; yet, the presence of both neutral and dissident opinions indicates that the influence may differ significantly across people. An examination of the precise tactics used in Starbucks' social media campaigns that elicit positive or negative reactions from participants may provide significant knowledge for enhancing the company's social media strategy in order to more closely correspond with customer demands.

SI. no	Responses	Frequency	Percentage
1	Strongly agree	11	27.5
2	Agree	9	22.5
3	Neutral	11	27.5
4	Disagree	4	10
5	Strongly disagree	5	12.5
	Total	40	100

The responses to the question of whether Starbucks promotions and special offers affect consumers' purchase choices reveal a broad spectrum of opinions. Notably, fifty percent of respondents agree or strongly agree (27.5 percent and 22.5 percent, respectively) that promotions and special deals at Starbucks have a substantial influence on their purchase choices. This finding underscores a significant proportion of participants who acknowledge the influential impact that promotional endeavours have on their purchasing decisions. On the contrary, 27.5 percent maintain an impartial position. On the contrary, this view is opposed by 22.5 percent of the respondents, who either disagree (10 percent) or strongly disagree (12.5 percent).

As a result, the results suggest that opinions on the effects of Starbucks promotions are varied, with a sizeable part acknowledging their significance, a large segment maintaining a neutral stance, and a smaller although still important cohort voicing opposition.

I trust the messages conveyed by Starbucks in their marketing efforts

SI. no	Responses	Frequency	Percentage
1	Strongly agree	5	12.5
2	Agree	11	27.5
3	Neutral	15	37.5
4	Disagree	5	12.5
5	Strongly disagree	4	10
30.0	Total	40	100

The information on the level of trust that respondents place in the marketing messaging communicated by Starbucks demonstrates a wide range of perspectives. A total of forty percent of the participants expressed agreement (27.5 percent) or strong agreement (12.5 percent) on their faith in the marketing messaging communicated by Starbucks. This finding suggests that a significant proportion of the participants placed confidence in the marketing messages of Starbucks. However, a considerable 37.5% of the participants indicate an impartial position. On the contrary, a lesser percentage of respondents (25 percent) expresses disagreement (12.5 percent) or extreme disagreement (10 percent) with the claim.

Hence, a considerable proportion of participants place confidence in the marketing communications of Starbucks; moreover, the inclusion of neutral and dissident viewpoints highlights the sample's heterogeneous composition. An examination of the distinct attributes included in Starbucks' marketing communications that promote or impede trust may provide the organisation with significant information.

Celebrity endorsements in Starbucks marketing impact my perception and choices

SI. no	Responses	Frequency	Percentages
1	Strongly agree	10	25
2	Agree	12	30
3	Neutral	8	20
4	Disagree	6	15
5	Strongly disagree	4	10
	Total	40	100

Diverse perspectives are shown by the statistics about how respondents see the influence of celebrity endorsements in Starbucks' marketing on their decisions and attitudes. A total of 55 percent of the participants expressed agreement (30 percent) or strong agreement with the influence of celebrity endorsements in Starbucks marketing on their perceptions and purchasing decisions. This finding suggests that a considerable proportion of the participants recognised the impact that celebrity endorsements had on their perceptions and choices. On the contrary, a greater proportion of participants (35 percent) adopt a more circumspect position, while 20 percent maintain a neutral approach and 15 percent either disagree (6 percent) or strongly disagree (10 percent) with this concept.

Hence, the results indicate a moderate degree of consensus concerning the effects of celebrity endorsements in Starbucks' marketing efforts; a substantial proportion of respondents acknowledged the influence, while a distinguishable albeit smaller fraction expressed a more circumspect or dissenting stance. An analysis of the discrete components included in celebrity endorsements that elicit favourable responses from participants or fall flat on them may provide Starbucks with significant information.

I associate the quality of Starbucks products with the promises made in their marketing

SI. no	Responses	Frequency	Percentage
1	Strongly agree	6	15
2	Agree	16	40
3	Neutral	12	30
4	Disagree	4	10
5	Strongly disagree	2	5
100	Total	40	100

The responses to the question of whether Starbucks goods' quality corresponds with the claims made in their advertising indicate a variety of perspectives. A total of 55 percent of the participants expressed agreement (40 percent) or strong agreement (15 percent) about the correlation between the quality of Starbucks goods and the claims made in their marketing. This finding indicates that a considerable proportion of the participants see a relationship between the quality of the items and the marketing claims made by the brand. Conversely, thirty percent of respondents adopt a neutral position. On the contrary, 15% of the participants expressed disagreement (10%) or extreme disagreement (5%) on the concept.

Hence, a considerable proportion of participants see a correlation between the marketing assertions made by Starbucks and the quality of their products. The inclusion of both neutral and dissident viewpoints underscores the sample's heterogeneous composition. Gaining insight into the factors that contribute to favourable or unfavourable feedback may assist Starbucks in refining their communication strategies to more closely correspond with customer anticipations, therefore augmenting their capacity to establish a connection with their target demographic.

Starbucks loyalty programs play a significant role in my decision to continue purchasing from them

SI.No	Responses	Frequency	Percentage
1	Strongly agree	9	22.5
2	Agree	15	37.5
3	Neutral	8	20
4	Disagree	6	15
5	Strongly disagree	2	5
Total		40	100

The responses to the question of whether Starbucks reward programmes are influential in customers' decisions to continue doing business with the firm indicate a variety of attitudes. A considerable proportion of respondents (37.5 percent) or the whole sample (22.5 percent) strongly agree or agree that Starbucks loyalty programmes have a substantial impact on their purchase decisions. This finding suggests that a considerable proportion of the participants consider loyalty programmes to have an impact on their buying choices. Nevertheless, twenty percent maintain a neutral position. On the contrary, 20% of the participants expressed disagreement (15%) or extreme disagreement (5) about the concept.

Hence, a considerable proportion of participants recognise the influence that Starbucks loyalty programmes have on their buying choices; the presence of neutral and dissident opinions underscores the sample's variety of

viewpoints. In essence, by comprehending the factors that contribute to favourable or unfavourable feedback, Starbucks may enhance its customer loyalty programmes to guarantee that they consistently correspond with the varying inclinations and anticipations of their broad clientele.

Overall, Starbucks' marketing has a substantial influence on my consumer choices

SI. no	Responses	Frequency	Percentage
1	Strongly agree	10	25
2	Agree	14	35
3	Neutral	11	27.5
4	Disagree	3	7.5
5	Strongly disagree	2	5
Total		40	100

The statistics pertaining to the general views of respondents on the effect of Starbucks' marketing on their purchasing choices suggests a significant influence. A significant proportion of respondents (65%) either agree (35 percent) or strongly agree (25 percent) that Starbucks' marketing significantly affects their purchasing decisions. This finding indicates that a considerable proportion of the participants recognise the impact that Starbucks' marketing has had on their buying choices. Conversely, 27.5 percent of respondents adopt a neutral position. On the contrary, a lesser but significant percentage, 12.5 percent, has an opposing viewpoint (7.5 percent) or is strongly opposed to it (5 percent).

Hence, a considerable proportion of participants recognise the considerable impact that Starbucks' marketing has had on their purchasing decisions. The presence of disagreeing and neutral opinions serves to underscore the wide range of viewpoints represented in the sample. An examination of the precise components or approaches employed in Starbucks' marketing that elicit positive or negative reactions from participants may yield significant knowledge for the company in question. Such knowledge could enable Starbucks to refine its marketing campaigns more precisely and in accordance with the inclinations and anticipations of its clientele.

FINDINGS

Product Perception: Most respondents have a favourable opinion of Starbucks goods and link the quality of the product to the claims made in the marketing.

Marketing Influence: It is believed that Starbucks' marketing, which consists of its ads and promotions, significantly influences the decisions made by customers.

Confidence and Loyalty Programs: A sizable percentage of respondents said that they had a generally favourable level of trust in Starbucks' marketing messaging.

Consumer Choices: A sizable fraction of participants express agreement—either strong agreement or agreement—that Starbucks' marketing significantly influences their total purchasing decisions.

Prospects for Additional Research: The presence of neutral replies in different tables indicates a degree of indecisiveness or fluctuation in certain opinions.

SUGGESTIONS

In order to optimise Starbucks' marketing strategies, it is imperative that the company stresses the importance of social media engagement. By capitalising on favourable perceptions, the company can fortify connections with its customers via interactive content, promotions, and user-generated material. An additional step in enhancing the customer experience is to optimise loyalty programmes via the implementation of tailored incentives and streamlined redemption procedures. Ensuring openness in communication is critical for establishing and maintaining customer confidence by ensuring that marketing statements correspond with real-world product experiences. For the purpose of continual development, it is essential to examine unbiased feedback about product quality and marketing impact. In conclusion, by coordinating promotions, social media, and commercials, a unified and integrated strategy to marketing communication across several channels guarantees brand image and consistency. In order to accommodate a wider range of preferences and enhance their worldwide marketing strategy, Starbucks need to implement inventive discount programmes and activities that acknowledge the impact of customer decisions.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the research on "A Study about Marketing Influence on Consumer Choices with Reference to Starbucks" provides valuable insights into consumer perceptions, preferences, and behaviors. Positive overall perceptions of Starbucks products are linked to effective marketing strategies, including advertisements and loyalty programs. While trust in marketing messages is evident, nuanced data points, such as neutral responses, suggest areas for improvement. Recommendations include segmented marketing, loyalty program optimization, refined endorsements, communication transparency, and addressing neutral feedback. Ongoing adaptation to emerging trends and understanding specific consumer preferences are crucial for sustained success. This research offers a foundation for strategic decision-making, targeted improvements, and the cultivation of positive consumer relationships.

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