Movie Recommendation System using Contentbased Filtering

Yeole Madhavi B.¹, Rokade Monika D.², Khatal Sunil S.³

¹ Student, Department of Computer Engineering, SPCOE Dumbarwadi (Otur), Maharashtra, India ^{2 & 3} Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Engineering, SPCOE Dumbarwadi (Otur), Maharashtra, India

ABSTRACT

There is already enough content available on the movie recommendation system. Showing the movie recommendations is essential so that the user need not waste a lot of time searching for the content which he/she might like. Thus, movie recommendation system plays a vital role to get user personalized movie recommendations. After searching a lot on the internet and referring to a lot of research papers, we got to know that the recommendations made using Content-based Filtering are using a single text to vector conversion technique and a single technique to find the similarity between the vectors. In this research work, we have used multiple text to vector conversion techniques and manipulated the results of the multiple algorithms to get the final recommendation list. You can think of it as a hybrid approach using the Content-based Filtering technique only.

Keyword: - Movie Recommendations, Content-based Filtering, Text to vector, Vector similarity, Hybrid approach

1. INTRODUCTION

Due to abundance of information collected till 21st century and the increasing rate of information flowing over the internet, there is a lot of confusion related to what to consume and what not to consume. Even on YouTube, when you want to watch a video of a particular concept, generally, there are a lot of videos available out there for you. Now, since the results are ranked appropriately, there may not be much issue but what if the results were not ranked appropriately? Well, in that case, we would probably spend a lot of time to find the best possible video which suits us and satisfies our need. This recommendation results are when you search something on a website. Next time, when you visit a particular website, without even searching, sometimes the system is able to show you recommendations which you might like. Isn't this an interesting feature? So, basically, the job of a recommender system is to suggest the most relevant items to the user. Recommendation systems are used in YouTube for video recommendation, Amazon and Flipkart for product recommendation, Netflix and Amazon Prime for movie recommendation, and so on. Whatever you do on such websites, there is a system which see your behavior and then ultimately suggest things / items with which you are highly likely to engage. This research paper deals with movie recommendations and logic behind movie recommendation system, traditional movie recommendation systems, issues related to traditional movie recommendation systems, and a proposed solution for Artificial Intelligence based personalized movie recommendation system. A lot of famous movie recommendation related datasets are already available on Kaggle and other websites. Some of the famous datasets include Movielens dataset, TMDB Movie Dataset, and the dataset by Netflix itself. Websites like Netflix, Amazon Prime, etc. use movie recommendation to increase their revenue or profits by ultimately improving the user experience. In fact, there was a competition conducted by Netflix in the year 2009 with a prize money of nearly 1 million dollars (\$1M) for making at least 10% improvement in the existing system.

As dealt earlier, we have a lot of data available at our exposure and we need to filter the data in order to consume it because generally we are not interested in each and everything available to us. In order to filter the data, we need some filtering techniques. There are different types of filtering techniques or movie recommendation algorithms over which a recommendation system can be based upon.

Major filtering techniques or movie recommendation algorithms are as follows:

- 1. Content Based Filtering
- 2. Collaborative Filtering
- 3. Hybrid Filtering

Some of these techniques can be further broken into subparts

2. LITERATURE REVIEW

Sang-Min Choi, et. al. [1] mentioned about the shortcomings of collaborative filtering approach like sparsity problem or the cold-start problem. In order to avoid this issue, the authors have proposed a solution to use category information. The authors have proposed a movie recommendation system which is based on genre correlations. The authors stated that the category information is present for the newly created content. Thus, even if the new content does not have enough ratings or enough views, still it can pop up in the recommendations list with the help of category or genre information. The proposed solution is unbiased over the highly rated most watched content and new content which is not watched a lot. Hence, even a new movie can be recommended by the recommendation system.

George Lekakos, et. al. [2] proposed a solution of movie recommendation using hybrid approach. The authors stated that Content based filtering and Collaborative filtering have their own shortcomings are can be used in a specific situation. Hence, the authors have come up with a hybrid approach which takes into consideration both content-based filtering as well as collaborative filtering. The solution is implemented in 'MoRe' which is a movie recommendation system. For the sake of pure collaborative filtering, Pearson correlation coefficient has not been used. Instead, a new formula has been used. But this formula has an issue of 'divide by zero' error. This error occurs when the users have given same rating to the movies. Hence, the authors have ignored such users. In case of pure content-based recommendation system, the authors have used cosine similarity by taking into consideration movie writers, cast, directors, producers and the movie genre. The authors have implemented a hybrid recommendation method by using 2 variations - 'substitute' and 'switching'. Both of these approaches show results based on collaborative filtering and show recommendations based on content-based filtering when a certain criterion is met. Hence, the authors use collaborative filtering technique as their main approach.

Debashis Das, et. al. [3] wrote about the different types of recommendation systems and their general information. This was a survey paper on recommendation systems. The authors mentioned about Personalized recommendation systems as well as non-personalized systems. User based collaborative filtering and item based collaborative filtering was explained with a very good example. The authors have also mentioned about the merits and demerits of different recommendation systems.

Jiang Zhang, et. al. [4] proposed a collaborative filtering approach for movie recommendation and they named their approach as 'Weighted KM-Slope-VU'. The authors divided the users into clusters of similar users with the help of K-means clustering. Later, they selected a virtual opinion leader from each cluster which represents the all the users in that particular cluster. Now, instead of processing complete user-item rating matrix, the authors processed virtual opinion leader-item matrix which is of small size. Later, this smaller matrix is processed by the unique algorithm proposed by the authors. This way, the time taken to get recommendations is reduced.

S. Rajarajeswari, et. al. [5] discussed about Simple Recommender System, Content-based Recommender System, Collaborative Filtering based Recommender System and finally proposed a solution consisting of Hybrid Recommendation System. The authors have taken into consideration cosine similarity and SVD. Their system gets 30 movie recommendations using cosine similarity. Later, they filter these movies based on SVD and user ratings. The system takes into consideration only the recent movie which the user has watched because the authors have proposed a solution which takes as input only one movie.

Muyeed Ahmed, et. al. [6] proposed a solution using K-means clustering algorithm. Authors have separated similar users by using clusters. Later, the authors have created a neural network for each cluster for recommendation purpose. The proposed system consists of steps like Data Preprocessing, Principal Component Analysis, Clustering, Data Preprocessing for Neural Network, and Building Neural Network. User rating, user preference, and user consumption ratio have been taken into consideration. After clustering phase, for the purpose of predicting the ratings which the user might give to the unwatched movies, the authors have used neural network. Finally, recommendations are made with the help of predicted high ratings.

Gaurav Arora, et. al. [7] have proposed a solution of movie recommendation which is based on users' similarity. The research paper is very general in the sense that the authors have not mentioned the internal working details. In the Methodology section, the authors have mentioned about City Block Distance and Euclidean Distance but have not mentioned anything about cosine similarity or other techniques. The authors stated that the recommendation system

is based on hybrid approach using context based filtering and collaborative filtering but neither they have stated about the parameters used, not they have stated about the internal working details.

V. Subramaniyaswamy, et. al. [8] have proposed a solution of personalized movie recommendation which uses collaborative filtering technique. Euclidean distance metric has been used in oder to find out the most similar user. The user with least value of Euclidean distance is found. Finally, movie recommendation is based on what that particular user has best rated. The authors have even claimed that the recommendations are varied as per the time so that the system performs better with the changing taste of the user with time.

Harper, et. al. [9] mentioned the details about the MovieLens Dataset in their research paper. This dataset is widely used especially for movie recommendation purpose. There are different versions of dataset available like MovieLens 100K / 1M / 10M / 20M / 25M / 1B Dataset. The dataset consists of features like user id, item id / movie id, rating, timestamp, movie title, IMDb URL, release date, etc. along with the movie genre information.

According to R. Lavanya, et. al. [10], in order to tackle the information explosion problem, recommendation systems are helpful. Authors mentioned about the problems of data sparsity, cold start problem, scalability, etc. Authors have done a literature review of nearly 15 research papers related to movie recommendation system. After reviewing all these papers, they observed that most of the authors have used collaborative filtering rather than content-based filtering. Also, the authors noticed that a lot of authors have used hybrid-based approach. Even though a lot of research has been done on recommendation systems, there is always a scope for doing more in order to solve the existing drawbacks.

Ms. Neeharika Immaneni, et. al. [11] proposed a hybrid recommendation technique which takes into consideration both content-based filtering approach as well as collaborative filtering approach in a hierarchial manner in order to show a personalized movie recommendation to the users. The most unique thing about this research work is that the authors have made movie recommendations using a proper sequence of images which actually describe the movie story plot. This actually helps for better visuals. The author have also described the graph based recommendation system, content-based approaches, hybrid recommender systems, collaborative filtering systems, genere correlations based recommender system, etc. The proposed algorithm has 4 major phases. Initially, social networking website like Facebook is used to know the user interest. Later, the movie reviews needs to be analysed and the recommendations needs to be made. Finally, story plot needs to be generated for better visuals.

Md. Akter Hossain, et. al. [12] proposed NERS which is an acronym for neural engine-based recommender system. The authors have done a successful interaction between 2 datasets carefully. Moreover, the authors stated that the results of their system are better than the existing systems because they have incorporated the usage of general dataset as well as the behaviour-based dataset in their system. The authors have used 3 different estimators in order to evaluate their system against the existing systems.

3. PROPOSED METHODOLGY

We need to perform preprocessing on the dataset and combine the relevant features into a single feature. Later, we need to convert the text from that particular feature into vectors. Later, we need to find the similarity between the vectors. Finally, get the recommendations as per the system architecture mentioned below.

1.1. ARCHITECTURE



1.2. DATASET, EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS & PREPROCESSING

The 'TMDB 5000 Movie Dataset' is taken into consideration for movie recommendation purpose in this research work. This dataset is available on kaggle.com. The dataset is composed of 2 CSV files - 'tmdb_5000_movies.csv' and 'tmdb 5000 credits.csv'

The 'tmdb_5000_movies.csv' dataset consists of the following attributes:

- 'budget': It indicates the budget of the movie.
- 'genres': It indicates the genres of the movie like Action, Documentary, etc.
- A movie can have multiple genres.
- 'homepage': It indicates the homepage of the movie. It is basically a website link.
- 'id': It indicates movie ID.
- 'keywords': It indicates the keywords of the movie. Apart from the title of the movie, keywords give a quick information about the movie.
- 'original_language': It indicates whether the movie is originally created in English or other language.
- 'original_title': It is nothing but the movie title.
- 'overview': It is a short description of the movie.
- 'popularity': It is a metric which indicates popularity.
- 'production_companies': It consists of the names of companies which has produced the movie.

- 'production_countries': It consists of the names of the countries in which the movie production took place.
- 'release_date': It consists of the release date of the movie. The format used is yyyy-mm-dd where 'yyyy' indicates year of release, 'mm' indicates the month of release, and 'dd' indicates the day of release.
- 'revenue': It indicates the revenue earned by the movie.
- 'runtime': It indicates the runtime of a movie. Runtime basically means the length of the movie.
- 'spoken_languages': It consists of the languades spoken in the movie.
- 'status': It indicates the status of the movie. For example, a movie can be released or not released which basically indicates the status of that movie.
- 'tagline': It consists of the tagline of the movie.
- 'title': It consists of the title of the movie.
- 'vote_average': It indicates the average of the votes.
- 'vote_count': It indicates the vote count.

	budget	id	popularity	revenue	runtime	vote_average	vote_count
count	4.803000e+03	4803.000000	4803.000000	4.803000e+03	4801.000000	4803.000000	4803.000000
mean	2.904504e+07	57165.484281	21.492301	8.226064e+07	106.875859	6.092172	690.217989
std	4.072239e+07	88694.614033	31.816650	1.628571e+08	22.611935	1.194612	1234.585891
min	0.000000e+00	5.000000	0.000000	0.000000e+00	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	7.900000e+05	9014.500000	4.668070	0.000000e+00	94.000000	5.600000	54.000000
50%	1.500000e+07	14629.000000	12.921594	1.917000e+07	103.000000	6.200000	235.000000
75%	4.000000e+07	58610.500000	28.313505	9.291719e+07	118.000000	6.800000	737.000000
max	3.800000e+08	459488.000000	875.581305	2.787965e+09	338.000000	10.000000	13752.000000
	E. 1 Chatlatia	-1 -1 -414 6411	5000		l D f-	1:1 ()	-411

Fig. 1. Statistical data about 'tmdb_5000_movies.csv' dataset using pandas Dataframe.describe() method

movies.iloc[25]

budget 200000000 genres ['Drama', 'Romance', 'Thriller'] homepage http://www.titanicmovie.com id 597 ['shipwreck', 'iceberg', 'ship', 'panic', 'tit... keywords original language en original title Titanic overview 84 years later, a 101-year-old woman named Ros... popularity 100.026 ['Paramount Pictures', 'Twentieth Century Fox ... production companies [{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o... production_countries release date 1997-11-18 revenue 1845034188 runtime 194 [{"iso 639 1": "en", "name": "English"}, {"iso... spoken_languages status Released tagline Nothing on Earth could come between them. title Titanic 7.5 vote_average vote count 7562 Name: 25, dtype: object

Fig. 2. Glimpse of the 'tmdb_5000_movies.csv' dataset using 'Titanic' movie

The 'tmdb_5000_credits.csv' dataset consists of the following attributes:

- 'movie_id': It indicates the movie ID.
- 'title': It indicates the title of the movie.
- 'cast': It consists of the cast of the movie. Cast implies the actors and actresses who appear in the movie.
- 'crew': It consists of those people who are concerned with the production of the movie.

		movie_id	
	count	4803.000000	
	mean	57165.484281	
	std	88694.614033	
and here	min	5.000000	Contraction
	25%	9014.500000	
	50%	14629.000000	
	75%	58610.500000	
	max	459488.000000	

Fig. 3. Statistical data about 'tmdb_5000_credits.csv' dataset using pandas Dataframe.describe() method

```
credits.iloc[25]
```

```
movie_id 597
title 597
cast ['Kate Winslet', 'Leonardo DiCaprio', 'Frances...
director James Cameron
Name: 25, dtype: object
```

Fig. 4. Glimpse of the 'tmdb_5000_credits.csv' dataset using 'Titanic' movie

The Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) has been inspired by Heeral Dedhia's blog on medium.com.



Movies having the genre as Drama are maximum in number as compared to Family movies and Horror movies. A movie might have multipe genres.



The above figure indicates the actors with the highest appearance in the decreasing order.



The above figure indicates the directors with the highest appearance in the decreasing order.



Fig. 8. Runtime versus Number of movies

As the runtime increases, number of movies are increasing. After certain point, as the runtime increases, the number of movies decreases. There are some exceptions.



There are a lot of movies with lower budget and falling in the range of runtime 70 to runtime 150.



Fig. 9. Revenue versus Budget It can be seen from the above figure that low budget movies have low revenue in general.



From the above correlation matrix, it can be seen that the diagonal is yellow coloured because similarity of something with itself is always 1.0, i.e., maximum. Moreover, it can be seen that revenue and vote count have more similarity as compared to budget and vote count.

Preprocessing steps include removing stopwords, combining the first name and the last name into a single name, removing punctuation marks, lowercasing the text, etc.

combine_feature	title	
cultureclash future spacewar samworthington zo	Avatar	0
ocean drugabuse exoticisland johnnydepp orland	Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End	1
spy basedonnovel secretagent danielcraig chris	Spectre	2
dccomics crimefighter terrorist christianbale	The Dark Knight Rises	3
basedonnovel mars medallion taylorkitsch lynnc	John Carter	4
unitedstates-mexicobarrier legs arms carlosgal	El Mariachi	4798
edwardburns kerrybishé marshadietlein edwardb	Newlyweds	4799
date loveatfirstsight narration ericmabius kri	Signed, Sealed, Delivered	4800
danielhenney elizacoupe billpaxton danielhsia	Shanghai Calling	4801
obsession camcorder crush drewbarrymore brianh	My Date with Drew	4802

4803 rows × 2 columns

Fig. 11. Director, Keywords, Cast and Genres of a movie are combined into a single feature titled 'combine_feature' The 'combine_feature' attribute needs to be further processed by using some algorithms.

1.3. ALGORITHMS

We can use CountVectorizer or TfidfVectorizer or Glove or Word2Vec in order to create vectors from the text. After converting the text into vectors, we need to find the similarity between the vectors. Cosine Similarity or sigmoid_kernel or some other technique can be used to find the similarity between the vectors.

1. Algorithm 1: Content-based Recommendation using CountVectorizer and Cosine Similarity

In this case, we will use CountVectorizer in order to create vectors from the preprocessed text mentioned in the 'combine feature' attribute.

After getting the vectors, we will find the similarity between the vectors using Cosine Similarity.

2. Algorithm 2: Content-based Recommendation using TfidfVectorizer and Cosine Similarity

In this case, we will use TfidfVectorizer in order to create vectors from the preprocessed text mentioned in the 'combine feature' attribute.

After getting the vectors, we will find the similarity between the vectors using Cosine Similarity.

After getting the recommendations using Algorithm 1 and Algorithm 2, get the common movies from both the recommendations initially. Later, append the remaining movies to the common movies in an alternate fashion.

4. RESULT AND ANALYSIS



Fig. 12. Recommendations similar to 'The Dark Knight' movie using Algorithm 1 and Algorithm 2

```
get_final_recommendations('The Dark Knight Rises')[0:15]
```

- ['The Dark Knight',
- 'Batman Begins',
 - "Amidst the Devil's Wings",
- 'The Prestige', 'Romeo Is Bleeding',
- 'The Killer Inside Me',
- 'Black November',
- 'Insomnia',
- 'Takers',
- 'Interstellar',
- 'Faster',
- 'The Statement',
- 'Catwoman',
- 'Inception',
- 'Gangster Squad']

Fig. 13. Final Recommendations similar to 'The Dark Knight' movie

get_recommendations('Avatar', cosine_similarity_cv) 206 Clash of the Titans 71 The Mummy: Tomb of the Dragon Emperor The Monkey King 2 786 103 The Sorcerer's Apprentice 131 G-Force Fantastic 4: Rise of the Silver Surfer 215 466 The Time Machine 715 The Scorpion King Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End 1 5 Spider-Man 3 9 Batman v Superman: Dawn of Justice 10 Superman Returns 12 Pirates of the Caribbean: Dead Man's Chest Man of Steel 14 Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides 17 Name: title, dtype: object

get_recommendations('Avatar', cosine_similarity_tv)

2403	Aliens
206	Clash of the Titans
587	The Abyss
43	Terminator Salvation
132	Wrath of the Titans
282	True Lies
1448	Sabotage
47	Star Trek Into Darkness
3439	The Terminator
3184	The Ice Pirates
4114	Subway
2827	Crossroads
812	Pocahontas
94	Guardians of the Galaxy
279	Terminator 2: Judgment Day
Name:	title, dtype: object

Fig. 14. Recommendations similar to 'Avatar' movie using Algorithm 1 and Algorithm 2

```
get_final_recommendations('Avatar')[0:15]
```

```
['Clash of the Titans',
 'The Mummy: Tomb of the Dragon Emperor',
 'Aliens',
 'The Monkey King 2',
 'The Abyss',
 "The Sorcerer's Apprentice",
 'Terminator Salvation',
 'G-Force',
 'Wrath of the Titans',
 'G-Force',
 'Wrath of the Titans',
 'Fantastic 4: Rise of the Silver Surfer',
 'True Lies',
 'The Time Machine',
 'Sabotage',
 'The Scorpion King',
 'Star Trek Into Darkness']
```

Fig. 15. Final Recommendations similar to 'Avatar' movie

get_recommendations('The Godfather', cosine_similarity_cv)

867	The Godfather: Part III
2731	The Godfather: Part II
4638	Amidst the Devil's Wings
2649	The Son of No One
1525	Apocalypse Now
1018	The Cotton Club
1170	The Talented Mr. Ripley
1209	The Rainmaker
1394	Donnie Brasco
1850	Scarface
2280	Sea of Love
2792	Glengarry Glen Ross
3012	The Outsiders
3450	West Side Story
4124	This Thing of Ours
Name :	title, dtype: object

get_recommendations('The Godfather', cosine_similarity_tv)

867 The Godfather: Part III 1525 Apocalypse Now The Godfather: Part II 2731 4124 This Thing of Ours 4147 Small Apartments 2649 The Son of No One The Talented Mr. Ripley 1178 512 Wanted Mickey Blue Eyes 1225 The Rainmaker 1209 2280 Sea of Love 613 The Score 1018 The Cotton Club 4209 The Conversation On the Waterfront 4432 Name: title, dtype: object

Fig. 16. Recommendations similar to 'The Godfather' movie using Algorithm 1 and Algorithm 2

```
get final recommendations('The Godfather')[0:15]
['The Godfather: Part III',
 'The Godfather: Part II',
 'The Son of No One',
 'Apocalypse Now',
 'The Cotton Club',
 'The Talented Mr. Ripley',
 'The Rainmaker',
 'Sea of Love',
 'This Thing of Ours',
 "Amidst the Devil's Wings",
 'Small Apartments',
 'Donnie Brasco',
 'Wanted',
 'Scarface',
 'Mickey Blue Eyes']
```

Fig. 17. Final Recommendations similar to 'The Godfather' movie

get_recommendations('Titanic', cosine_similarity_cv) 1081 Revolutionary Road 4247 Me You and Five Bucks 49 The Great Gatsby 872 All the King's Men 1311 Angel Eyes The Reader 1492 2449 Sense and Sensibility 2661 Romeo + Juliet 2701 Little Children 2946 What's Eating Gilbert Grape 4589 Fabled 297 Blood Diamond

439 Shutter Island 622 Body of Lies Name: title, dtype: object

351

get_recommendations('Titanic', cosine_similarity_tv)

The Departed

1081 Revolutionary Road Escape Plan 609 282 True Lies 3097 Swept Away 3439 The Terminator Captain Phillips 818 2403 Aliens 984 Into the Blue 3695 The Blue Lagoon 587 The Abyss 872 All the King's Men 279 Terminator 2: Judgment Day 49 The Great Gatsby 622 Body of Lies The Departed 351

Name: title, dtype: object

Fig. 18. Recommendations similar to 'Titanic' movie using Algorithm 1 and Algorithm 2

```
get_final_recommendations('Titanic')[0:15]
['Revolutionary Road',
    'The Great Gatsby',
    "All the King's Men",
    'The Departed',
    'Body of Lies',
    'Body of Lies',
    'Me You and Five Bucks',
    'Escape Plan',
    'Angel Eyes',
    'True Lies',
    'The Reader',
    'Swept Away',
    'Sense and Sensibility',
    'The Terminator',
    'Romeo + Juliet',
```

Fig. 19. Final Recommendations similar to 'Titanic' movie

'Captain Phillips']

4. CONCLUSION

We can see from the results that the final recommendations are slightly better than the individual recommendations of Algorithm 1 and Algorithm 2 mentioned in this research work. Hence, it is always better to manipulate the results of different algorithms to get the final result which has the advantages of the individual algorithms.

5. REFERENCES

- [1] Choi, Sang-Min, Sang-Ki Ko, and Yo-Sub Han. "A movie recommendation algorithm based on genre correlations." Expert Systems with Applications 39.9 (2012): 8079-8085.
- [2] Lekakos, George, and Petros Caravelas. "A hybrid approach for movie recommendation." Multimedia tools and applications 36.1 (2008): 55-70.
- [3] Das, Debashis, Laxman Sahoo, and Sujoy Datta. "A survey on recommendation system." International Journal of Computer Applications 160.7 (2017).
- [4] Zhang, Jiang, et al. "Personalized real-time movie recommendation system: Practical prototype and evaluation." Tsinghua Science and Technology 25.2 (2019): 180-191.
- [5] Rajarajeswari, S., et al. "Movie Recommendation System." Emerging Research in Computing, Information, Communication and Applications. Springer, Singapore, 2019. 329-340.
- [6] Ahmed, Muyeed, Mir Tahsin Imtiaz, and Raiyan Khan. "Movie recommendation system using clustering and pattern recognition network." 2018 IEEE 8th Annual Computing and Communication Workshop and Conference (CCWC). IEEE, 2018.
- [7] Arora, Gaurav, et al. "Movie recommendation system based on users' similarity." International Journal of Computer Science and Mobile Computing 3.4 (2014): 765-770.
- [8] Subramaniyaswamy, V., et al. "A personalised movie recommendation system based on collaborative filtering." International Journal of High Performance Computing and Networking 10.1-2 (2017): 54-63.
- [9] Harper, F. Maxwell, and Joseph A. Konstan. "The movielens datasets: History and context." Acm transactions on interactive intelligent systems (tiis) 5.4 (2015): 1-19.
- [10] R. Lavanya, U. Singh and V. Tyagi, "A Comprehensive Survey on Movie Recommendation Systems," 2021 International Conference on Artificial Intelligence and Smart Systems (ICAIS), 2021, pp. 532-536, doi: 10.1109/ICAIS50930.2021.9395759.
- [11] N. Immaneni, I. Padmanaban, B. Ramasubramanian and R. Sridhar, "A meta-level hybridization approach to personalized movie recommendation," 2017 International Conference on Advances in Computing, Communications and Informatics (ICACCI), 2017, pp. 2193-2200, doi: 10.1109/ICACCI.2017.8126171.

- [12] M. A. Hossain and M. N. Uddin, "A Neural Engine for Movie Recommendation System," 2018 4th International Conference on Electrical Engineering and Information & Communication Technology (iCEEiCT), 2018, pp. 443-448, doi: 10.1109/CEEICT.2018.8628128.
- [13] Monika D.Rokade ,Dr.Yogesh kumar Sharma,"Deep and machine learning approaches for anomaly-based intrusion detection of imbalanced network traffic." IOSR Journal of Engineering (IOSR JEN), ISSN (e): 2250-3021, ISSN (p): 2278-8719
- [14] Monika D.Rokade ,Dr.Yogesh kumar Sharma"MLIDS: A Machine Learning Approach for Intrusion Detection for Real Time Network Dataset", 2021 International Conference on Emerging Smart Computing and Informatics (ESCI), IEEE
- [15] Monika D.Rokade, Dr. Yogesh Kumar Sharma. (2020). Identification of Malicious Activity for Network Packet using Deep Learning. International Journal of Advanced Science and Technology, 29(9s), 2324 2331.
- [16] 4. Sunil S.Khatal ,Dr.Yogesh kumar Sharma, "Health Care Patient Monitoring using IoT and Machine Learning.", IOSR Journal of Engineering (IOSR JEN), ISSN (e): 2250-3021, ISSN (p): 2278-8719
- [17] 5. Sunil S.Khatal ,Dr.Yogesh kumar Sharma, "Data Hiding In Audio-Video Using Anti Forensics Technique ForAuthentication"; IJSRDV4I50349, Volume : 4, Issue : 5
- [18] Sunil S.Khatal Dr. Yogesh Kumar Sharma. (2020). Analyzing the role of Heart Disease Prediction System using IoT and Machine Learning. International Journal of Advanced Science and Technology, 29(9s), 2340 -2346.

