Pattern of Occupational Health Problems of building Construction workers

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ABSTRACT

Background:

Occupational risks have been classed as the tenth leading cause of morbidity and mortality.

Aim: The aim of this study is to understand the occupational health problems of building construction workers engaged at large construction.

Materials and methods: The cross-sectional study was conducted at a large scale building construction site. All workers (N = 300) were enrolled as study subjects. Data was collected by the team consisting of investigators, doctors and social worker using a pre tested validated structured proforma.

Result: Among 300 workers only 30.0% used protective measure and 80.00% had suffered with at least one form of disease. Among them different diseases were found in following percentages including respiratory problems, musculo skelekal problems, dermatitis, and accidental injury.

Conclusions: Measures are needed to improve the work environment of construction workers by ensuring availability of protective gears, sanitation facilities at the sites along with an accessible, accountable occupational health services.

Keywords: Building construction workers; Occupational health

Introduction

The construction industry is one of the world's major industries. It is an essential contributor to the process of development. Being an unorganized sector the workforce is at risk of developing safety and health related hazards at work. Construction workers in both are at a greater risk of developing certain health disorders and sickness than workers in many other industries. They are exposed to multiple physical, chemical and biological agents, which make them vulnerable to various health problems that include-injuries, respiratory problems, dermatitis, musculo-skeletal disorders and gastro-intestinal diseases. Due to ergonomic issues they are also vulnerable to degenerative disorders. Apart from this, in most of construction projects the workers employed are unorganized in nature and often not guided by the legislations made for the health and welfare of the workers and hence are not eligible for free or subsidized care ^{2,3}.

In the era of globalization construction is a fast growing industry and very little research has been done on the occupational health, hazards and psychosocial problems of these workers. In this context to understand the health problems of building construction workers and advocate public health policy measures, this study was conducted .

Objective

To study health problems of construction workers at a large building construction site.

Material and Methods

A cross sectional study was conducted at a large construction building site in april 2014. All the 300 construction workers working at the site in were selected. After a complete physical examination, data were recorded in a predesigned structured questionnaire, providing a detailed job condition, personal and past medical history and the length of employment in the current job position. The duration of exposure was calculated as years in occupation. In addition, the subjects were asked about use of protective equipments and the type of personal protective equipment used.

Statistical Analysis

All collected data were checked and rechecked for omissions, inconsistencies and improbabilities. Data analysis were performed by Statistical Package for Social Science (SPSS), version-20.

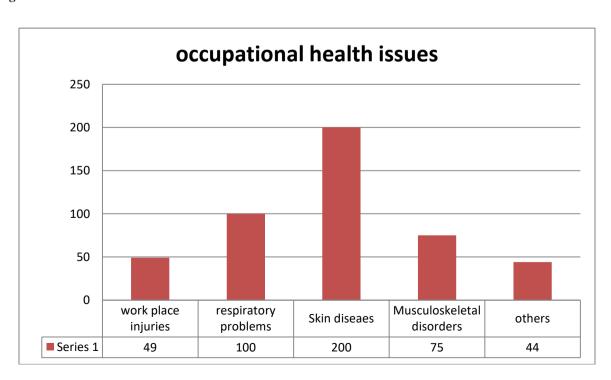
Results:

A total of three hundred workers were studied during the research period out of which 240 had suffered some health problems.

Table 1: Protective measures

| Protective measures(boots,goves,apron,helmets etc) | Frequency | Percentage |
|--|-----------|------------|
| Available or used | 90 | 30.00% |
| Not available or not used | 210 | 70.00% |

Figure 1: Distribution of diseases



Discussion:

Rapid urbanization and industrialization have imposed a huge load of construction works worldwide, which creates different social, cultural and health impact. The construction workers are exposed to multiple risks at working and living places, they are exposed to physical, chemical, biological, ergonomic hazards and environmental and psycho social risks.

In the current study among three hundred construction workers 75% of them have at least one form of disease. Out of all skin diseases, were the most commonest (83.33%) followed by respiratory problems (41.7%) and musculoskeletal disorders (31.25%). The results are consistent with findings of other studies. 1,2

In the current study only30.0% workers had opportunity to use any form protective measure. The prolonged exposure to construction materials for years without almost no protective measures may be cause of this high rate of contact dermatitis. The construction workers are a group of less skilled workers who start the occupation without previous training; this situation facilitates the emergence of occupational dermatitis. More over in this study almost all workers are belong to low socio-economics class, they have limited excess to healthcare, lack of sufficient health education. All these factors produce a cumulative affect to their health which can be prevented by providing improved work place, protective means, health education, adequate health services and improving professional skills 4.5

Conclusion

Measures are needed to improve the work environment of building construction workers by ensuring availability of protective gears, good living conditions and sanitation facilities at the sites along with an accessible, accountable occupational health services. A system of health recording and routine surveillance among workers should be implemented.

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